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4-(2-Fluoropyridin-5-yl)phenol

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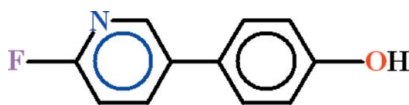
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.123; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{FNO}$, the aromatic rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of $31.93(6)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds, forming $C(9)$ chains propagating along the c -axis direction. There are aromatic π - π stacking interactions between the pyridine rings [centroid-centroid separation = $3.7238(16)$ Å].

Related literature

For related structures, see: Adeel *et al.* (2012); Elahi *et al.* (2012).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{FNO}$	$V = 1763.8(6)$ Å ³
$M_r = 189.18$	$Z = 8$
Orthorhombic, $Pbca$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 12.275(3)$ Å	$\mu = 0.11$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 7.4343(11)$ Å	$T = 296$ K
$c = 19.328(3)$ Å	$0.28 \times 0.22 \times 0.18$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	7508 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	1732 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.975$, $T_{\max} = 0.985$	896 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.064$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$	128 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.123$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18$ e Å ⁻³
1732 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N1}^i$	0.82	2.08	2.891(3)	168

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6846).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2124 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812026499]

4-(2-Fluoropyridin-5-yl)phenol

Fazal Elahi, Muhammad Adeel and M. Nawaz Tahir

Comment

We have reported the crystal structure of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-fluoropyridine (Elahi *et al.*, 2012) and 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-fluoropyridine (Adeel *et al.*, 2012) which are related to (I).

In (I) the 4-hydroxybenzene A (C1–C6/O1) and the 2-fluoropyridine B (C7–C11/N1/F1) are planar with r.m.s. deviations of 0.0222 Å and 0.0154 Å. The dihedral angle between A/B is 31.93 (6)°. These molecules are stabilized in the form of one-dimensional C(9) chains along the *c*-axis due to H-bondings of O—H⋯N type between hydroxy and pyridine groups (Table 1, Fig. 2). There exist π - π interaction between Cg1⋯Cg1ⁱ [*i* = 1/2 - *x*, -1/2 + *y*, *z*] and Cg1⋯Cg1ⁱⁱ [*ii* = 1/2 - *x*, 1/2 + *y*, *z*] at a distance of 3.7238 (16) Å, where Cg1 is the centroid of pyridine ring.

Experimental

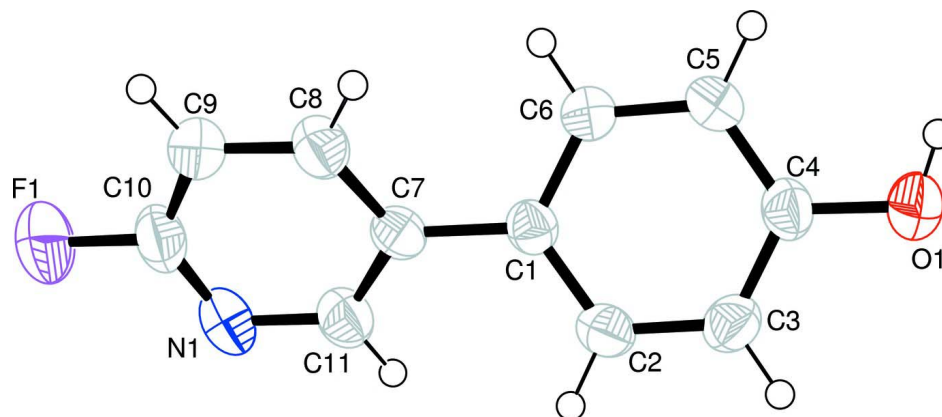
To a 6 ml solution of 5-bromo-2-fluoropyridine (0.2 g, 1.136 mmol), 4-hydroxyphenylboronic acid (0.190 g, 1.36 mmol) in dioxane and K₃PO₄ (0.361 g, 1.5 mmol, in 1 ml H₂O) was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (1.5 mole %) at 373 K under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 8 h. Then 20 ml of distilled water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc(3×15 ml). The organic layer was evaporated in *vacuo* and title compound was obtained as light brown solid. Yield: 0.191 g, 89%. *M.p.* 350–352 K. Crystallization from a saturated solution of CHCl₃/CH₃OH gave light brown plates.

Refinement

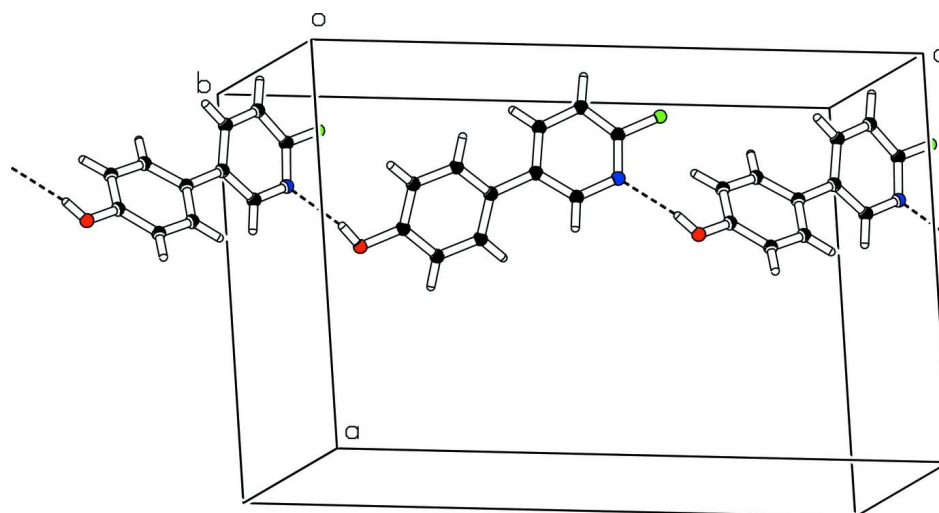
The H-atoms were positioned geometrically (C–H = 0.93, O–H = 0.82 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$, where $x = 1.5$ for hydroxy and $x = 1.2$ for other H-atoms.

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).


Figure 1

View of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.


Figure 2

The partial packing, which shows that molecules form C(9) chains extending along [001].

4-(2-Fluoropyridin-5-yl)phenol

Crystal data

$C_{11}H_8FNO$

$M_r = 189.18$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ac\ 2ab$

$a = 12.275\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.4343\ (11)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 19.328\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$V = 1763.8\ (6)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 784$

$D_x = 1.425\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 869 reflections

$\theta = 2.1\text{--}26.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296\ \text{K}$

Plate, light brown

$0.28 \times 0.22 \times 0.18\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	7508 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1732 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	896 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 8.00 pixels mm ⁻¹	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.064$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -15 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.975$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.985$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
	$l = -17 \rightarrow 23$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.123$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0483P)^2]$
$S = 1.00$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1732 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
128 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.16138 (14)	0.0574 (2)	0.57218 (6)	0.0807 (7)
O1	0.44529 (15)	0.4234 (3)	0.12632 (8)	0.0611 (8)
N1	0.3071 (2)	0.1137 (3)	0.50603 (9)	0.0532 (9)
C1	0.3319 (2)	0.2565 (3)	0.31870 (11)	0.0361 (9)
C2	0.4308 (2)	0.3444 (3)	0.31099 (12)	0.0414 (9)
C3	0.4687 (2)	0.3971 (3)	0.24670 (12)	0.0439 (10)
C4	0.4071 (2)	0.3622 (3)	0.18829 (12)	0.0416 (9)
C5	0.3108 (2)	0.2682 (3)	0.19463 (11)	0.0449 (10)
C6	0.2736 (2)	0.2170 (3)	0.25895 (10)	0.0419 (9)
C7	0.2856 (2)	0.2081 (3)	0.38699 (11)	0.0367 (9)
C8	0.1738 (2)	0.2085 (3)	0.39711 (12)	0.0462 (10)
C9	0.1293 (2)	0.1575 (3)	0.45939 (12)	0.0520 (11)
C10	0.2008 (3)	0.1116 (3)	0.51007 (12)	0.0524 (10)
C11	0.3492 (2)	0.1610 (3)	0.44353 (11)	0.0470 (10)
H1	0.39877	0.40831	0.09643	0.0916*
H2	0.47273	0.36848	0.34999	0.0497*
H3	0.53530	0.45572	0.24276	0.0527*

H5	0.27072	0.23925	0.15533	0.0540*
H6	0.20815	0.15470	0.26247	0.0503*
H8	0.12817	0.24378	0.36118	0.0555*
H9	0.05436	0.15458	0.46643	0.0624*
H11	0.42453	0.16170	0.43841	0.0565*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0964 (16)	0.1031 (13)	0.0427 (9)	-0.0147 (11)	0.0132 (9)	0.0107 (8)
O1	0.0498 (15)	0.0910 (14)	0.0424 (10)	-0.0135 (11)	0.0072 (9)	0.0057 (10)
N1	0.066 (2)	0.0596 (15)	0.0339 (13)	0.0057 (14)	0.0004 (12)	-0.0012 (10)
C1	0.0395 (18)	0.0352 (13)	0.0335 (14)	0.0013 (12)	0.0020 (12)	-0.0030 (10)
C2	0.0406 (18)	0.0456 (14)	0.0380 (14)	0.0002 (13)	-0.0052 (12)	-0.0044 (10)
C3	0.0363 (18)	0.0471 (16)	0.0484 (16)	-0.0038 (13)	0.0056 (13)	-0.0035 (11)
C4	0.0421 (19)	0.0493 (15)	0.0335 (15)	0.0028 (14)	0.0063 (13)	-0.0012 (11)
C5	0.045 (2)	0.0555 (16)	0.0341 (15)	-0.0048 (14)	-0.0050 (12)	-0.0024 (11)
C6	0.0418 (18)	0.0457 (15)	0.0382 (15)	-0.0071 (13)	0.0006 (13)	-0.0018 (11)
C7	0.0412 (19)	0.0336 (13)	0.0354 (14)	0.0023 (12)	-0.0028 (13)	-0.0028 (10)
C8	0.049 (2)	0.0521 (16)	0.0376 (16)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0005 (14)	0.0011 (11)
C9	0.048 (2)	0.0627 (18)	0.0453 (17)	-0.0060 (15)	0.0049 (15)	-0.0046 (12)
C10	0.069 (2)	0.0544 (17)	0.0339 (17)	-0.0055 (17)	0.0102 (17)	-0.0002 (12)
C11	0.050 (2)	0.0504 (16)	0.0405 (16)	0.0029 (14)	0.0015 (14)	-0.0054 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C10	1.356 (3)	C7—C8	1.386 (3)
O1—C4	1.364 (3)	C7—C11	1.388 (3)
O1—H1	0.8200	C8—C9	1.375 (3)
N1—C11	1.360 (3)	C9—C10	1.359 (4)
N1—C10	1.307 (4)	C2—H2	0.9300
C1—C2	1.387 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
C1—C7	1.481 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C6	1.390 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
C2—C3	1.384 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C3—C4	1.383 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C4—C5	1.379 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C5—C6	1.378 (3)		
C4—O1—H1	109.00	N1—C10—C9	126.8 (2)
C10—N1—C11	115.8 (2)	F1—C10—C9	118.9 (3)
C2—C1—C6	117.5 (2)	N1—C11—C7	123.4 (2)
C6—C1—C7	119.4 (2)	C1—C2—H2	119.00
C2—C1—C7	123.1 (2)	C3—C2—H2	119.00
C1—C2—C3	121.6 (2)	C2—C3—H3	120.00
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (2)	C4—C3—H3	120.00
O1—C4—C5	122.8 (2)	C4—C5—H5	120.00
C3—C4—C5	119.4 (2)	C6—C5—H5	120.00
O1—C4—C3	117.8 (2)	C1—C6—H6	119.00
C4—C5—C6	120.3 (2)	C5—C6—H6	119.00

C1—C6—C5	121.4 (2)	C7—C8—H8	119.00
C1—C7—C8	120.3 (2)	C9—C8—H8	119.00
C1—C7—C11	123.2 (2)	C8—C9—H9	122.00
C8—C7—C11	116.5 (2)	C10—C9—H9	122.00
C7—C8—C9	121.1 (2)	N1—C11—H11	118.00
C8—C9—C10	116.3 (2)	C7—C11—H11	118.00
F1—C10—N1	114.4 (2)		
C11—N1—C10—F1	177.63 (19)	C2—C3—C4—O1	177.2 (2)
C11—N1—C10—C9	-2.5 (4)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-2.8 (3)
C10—N1—C11—C7	1.2 (3)	O1—C4—C5—C6	-176.9 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	2.3 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	3.1 (3)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-176.1 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.7 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.0 (3)	C1—C7—C8—C9	177.6 (2)
C7—C1—C6—C5	176.5 (2)	C11—C7—C8—C9	-2.6 (3)
C2—C1—C7—C8	146.8 (2)	C1—C7—C11—N1	-178.9 (2)
C2—C1—C7—C11	-33.1 (3)	C8—C7—C11—N1	1.2 (3)
C6—C1—C7—C8	-31.6 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	1.5 (3)
C6—C1—C7—C11	148.5 (2)	C8—C9—C10—F1	-178.9 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N1	1.2 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1—H1 \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.82	2.08	2.891 (3)	168

Symmetry code: (i) *x*, -*y*+1/2, *z*-1/2.